## **Amendments to the Claims**

- 1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A fuse (200)-for integration within a semiconductor circuit comprising: an insulating layer (205)-deposited adjacent the semiconductor substrate-(203); a silicon layer (201)-formed a first silicon material having a first resistance deposited adjacent the insulating layer, the silicon layer having a first width; and, a metal silicide stringer (202)-having a second resistance different from the first resistance deposited over a portion of the first silicon material (201)-and having a second width that is less than the first width within at least a portion thereof, the metal silicide for conducting current therethrough with approximately the second resistance and for agglomerating in response to a programming current to other than conduct current therethrough with a same second resistance.
- 2. (ORIGINAL) The fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the silicon layer is a poly-silicon layer.
- 3. (ORIGINAL) The fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the silicide layer is a tungsten silicide layer.
- 4. (ORIGINAL) The fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the silicide layer is a platinum silicide layer.
- 5. (ORIGINAL) The fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the first resistance is higher than the second resistance.
- 6. (ORIGINAL) The resistor fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the resistor fuse forms a portion of a non-volatile multi-state memory cell.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) The resistor fuse as recited in claim 6 wherein the memory cell is one-time programmable.
- 8. (ORIGINAL) The resistor fuse as recited in claim 1 wherein the insulating layer comprises an oxide layer.
- 9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of manufacturing a silicided polysilicon fuse (200) comprising the steps of: depositing an insulating layer (205) on a semiconductor substrate-(203); depositing polysilicon (201) adjacent the insulating layer; forming a silicide protection layer (206) adjacent the polysilicon; removing a portion of the silicide protection layer to reveal polysilicon therebelow; providing a mask for masking other than the revealed polysilicon; aligning the mask with the

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semiconductor substrate; and, forming a metal silicide layer adjacent (202) the revealed polysilicon, the metal silicide layer for forming a conductive path along a length thereof.

- 10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method according to claim 9 comprising the step of providing electrical contacts on opposite sides of the length of the metal silicide layer-(204a, 205b).
- 11. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 wherein the insulating layer comprises an oxide layer.
- 12. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 wherein the polysilicon layer is patterned.
- 13. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 wherein the step of forming a silicide protection layer is performed by depositing a silicide protection layer on the polysilicon.
- 14. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 wherein the step of forming a silicide protection layer is performed by reacting at least a chemical with the polysilicon.
- 15. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 wherein the step of removing a portion of the silicide protection layer comprises a step of etching a portion of the silicide protection layer.
- 16. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 forming a metal silicide layer comprises a step of: depositing a metal silicide adjacent the revealed polysilicon.
- 17. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 9 forming a metal silicide layer comprises a step of: reacting at least a chemical including a metal with the revealed polysilicon.
- 18. (ORIGINAL) A method of manufacturing a fuse comprising the steps of: providing a silicon feature of at least a minimum line width, the minimum line width dependent upon a minimum line width of a stepper tool; and, providing a fusible metal silicide stringer having a low resistance and having a stringer width substantially less than the minimum line width of the stepper tool.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 18 wherein the width of the fusible metal silicide stringer is dependent upon the mask alignment tolerance of a stepper tool.

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- 20. (ORIGINAL) A method according to claim 18 wherein the fusible metal silicide stringer is formed using a masking process.
- 21. (ORIGINAL) An integrated circuit having a minimum line width and including a stringer fuse having a low resistance metal silicide stringer width substantially less than the minimum line width.